[Total No. of Questions - 20] [Total No. of Printed Pages - 2] (2124)

1861

MBA 3rd Semester Examination Marketing Research (NS) MK-03

Time: 3 Hours

Max. Marks: 60

The candidates shall limit their answers precisely within the answerbook (40 pages) issued to them and no supplementary/continuation sheet will be issued.

SECTION - A (Compulsory)

(2 marks each)

- 1. What is the meaning of level of significance in research?
- 2. Differentiate between marketing research and marketing information system.
- 3. Define After-only experimental design.
- Questionnaire Vs Schedule method of data collection.
- 5. What is meant by dichotomous questions?
- 6. What is content validity?
- 7. Enlist the steps of sampling process.
- 8. Purposive Vs Judgement sampling.
- 9. Define Type I error.
- 10. What is test marketing?

 $(2 \times 10 = 20)$

[P.T.O.]

SECTION - B

(Attempt any FOUR questions, 5 marks each)

- 11. Prepare a research design by taking a hypothetical research problem.
- 12. Suppose a company wants to analyse consumer behaviour towards its new brand of shampoo. Which method/methods of data collection would you recommend to this company and why?
- 13. Describe the different classes of measurement scales according to the types of data.
- 14. How would you draw a representative sample of 500 customers from one district?
- 15. "Data collection in census is automatically free of error." Discuss the validity of the statement.
- 16. Write short notes on:
 - (i) Delphi Method
 - (ii) Exponential Smoothing Method

 $(4 \times 5 = 20)$

SECTION - C

(Attempt any TWO questions, 10 marks each)

- 17. Wal-Mart wants to start its new retail outlet in rural India but before launching of new outlet they want to know about the shopping habits of rural customers. Prepare a draft questionnaire for this problem.
- 18. Discuss the different types of scaling techniques for measuring attitude. Also explain their merits and uses.
- 19. Distinguish a non-probability from a probability sampling method. Which one is the preferable method and why? Indicate the pros and cons associated with both methods.
- 20. How will you differentiate between descriptive statistics and inferential statistics? Describe the important statistical measures often used to summarise the survey/research data.

 (2×10=20)